



*** PUBLIC NOTICE ***

**NOTICE OF A CRIME CONTROL & PREVENTION DISTRICT
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
OF THE CITY OF CORINTH
Thursday, February 15, 2018, 6:45 P.M.
CITY HALL - 3300 CORINTH PARKWAY**

**CALL TO ORDER, INVOCATION, PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE, TEXAS PLEDGE:
"Honor the Texas Flag: I pledge allegiance to thee, Texas, one state under God, one and indivisible".**

BUSINESS AGENDA

1. Review and approve the Investment Policy for the Crime Control & Prevention District for FY 2017-2018.
2. Consider and act on Minutes from the August 24, 2017 Special Session.

CLOSED SESSION

The City Council will convene in such executive or (closed session) to consider any matters regarding any of the above agenda items as well as the following matters pursuant to Chapter 551 of the Texas Government Code.

Section 551.071. Private consultation with its attorney to seek advice about pending or contemplated litigation; and/or settlement offer; (2) and/or a matter in which the duty of the attorney to the government body under the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct of the State of Texas clearly conflicts with chapter 551.

Section 551.072. To deliberate the purchase, exchange, lease or value of real property if deliberation in an open meeting would have a detrimental effect on the position of the governmental body in negotiations with a third person.

Section 551.074. To deliberate the appointment, employment, evaluation, reassignment, duties, discipline, or dismissal of a public officer or employee; or to hear a complaint or charge against an officer or employee.

Section 551.087. To deliberate or discuss regarding commercial or financial information that the governmental body has received from a business prospect that the governmental body seeks to have locate, stay, or expand in or near the territory of the governmental body and with which the governmental body is conducting economic development negotiations; or to deliberate the offer of a financial or other incentive to a business prospect.

After discussion of any matters in closed session, any final action or vote taken will be in public by the City Council. City Council shall have the right at any time to seek legal advice in Closed Session from its Attorney on any agenda item, whether posted for Closed Session or not.

RECONVENE IN OPEN SESSION TO TAKE ACTION, IF NECESSARY, ON CLOSED SESSION ITEMS.

ADJOURN

Posted this 9th day of February, 2018 at 11:30 a.m. on the bulletin board at Corinth City Hall.

Kimberly Pence, City Secretary
City of Corinth, Texas

Crime Control & Prevention District Board of Directors

Meeting Date: 02/15/2018
Title: Crime Control & Prevention District Investment Policy
Submitted For: Lee Ann Bunselmeyer, Director
Submitted By: Chris Rodriguez, Financial Services Manager
Finance Review: N/A **Legal Review:** N/A

AGENDA ITEM

Review and approve the Investment Policy for the Crime Control & Prevention District for FY 2017-2018.

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY/BACKGROUND

In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, the city is required to adopt a formal written Investment Policy for the investment of public funds. The policy establishes investment parameters and guidelines for the investment program in order to achieve the goals of safety, liquidity, diversification, rate-of-return, and public trust, and designates the authorized investment officer responsible for the daily investment activity by the City. The Finance/Audit Committee approved the Crime Control & Prevention District Investment Policy on December 13, 2017.

As part of the annual process, staff reviews the policy and may recommend revisions to the existing policy, if needed. There are no revisions recommended.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval of the Crime Control & Prevention District Investment Policy.

Attachments

CCD Investment Policy

**CORINTH, TEXAS
CORINTH CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION DISTRICT
INVESTMENT POLICY**

PREFACE

It is the policy of the City of Corinth (the "City") and the Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District (the "DISTRICT") that after allowing for the anticipated cash flow requirements and giving due consideration to the safety and risks of investments, all available funds shall be invested in conformance with these legal and administrative guidelines to obtain a market rate-of-return.

Effective cash management is recognized as essential to good fiscal management. An active cash management and investment policy will be pursued to take advantage of investment interest as a viable and material source of revenue for DISTRICT funds. The DISTRICT's portfolio shall be designed and managed in a manner responsive to the public trust and shall be invested in conformance with State and Federal Regulations, applicable Bond Resolution requirements, and adopted investment policy. The DISTRICT will invest public funds in a manner which will provide the maximum security and a market rate-of-return while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the DISTRICT.

Pursuant to Subchapter E of Chapter 363 of the Local Government Code, the DISTRICT designates the City of Corinth to invest its funds in accordance with the provisions and requirements of this policy and § 363.206(c) of the Texas Local Gov't Code.

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this investment policy (the “policy”) is to set forth specific investment policy and strategy guidelines for the DISTRICT in order to achieve the goals of safety, liquidity, rate-of-return, and public trust for all investment activities.

II. SCOPE

The investment policy shall govern the investment of all financial assets considered to be part of the DISTRICT and includes the following separately invested funds or fund types: Operating, Reserve, and Bond Funds, although the DISTRICT has only operating funds. This policy does not include funds governed by approved trust agreements, or assets administered for the benefit of the DISTRICT by outside agencies under retirement or deferred compensation programs. The City shall and will maintain responsibility for these funds to the extent required by: Federal and State law; the City Charter; and donor stipulations.

III. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

Funds of the DISTRICT shall be invested in accordance with all applicable Texas statutes, this policy and any other approved, written administrative procedures. The five objectives of the DISTRICT’s investment activities shall be as follows (in the order of priority):

- A. Safety – Preservation and safety of Principal. Safety of principal invested is the foremost objective in the investment decisions of the DISTRICT. Each investment transaction shall seek to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The risk of loss shall be controlled by investing only in authorized securities as defined in this policy, by qualifying the financial institutions with which the DISTRICT will transact, and by portfolio diversification. Safety is defined as the undiminished return of the principal on the DISTRICT’s investments
- B. Liquidity -The investment portfolio shall be managed to maintain liquidity to ensure that funds will be available to meet the DISTRICT’s cash flow requirements and by investing in securities with active secondary markets. Investments shall be structured in such a manner as to provide liquidity necessary to pay obligations as they become due. A security may be liquidated prior to its stated maturity to meet unanticipated cash requirements or to otherwise favorably adjust the DISTRICT’s portfolio.
- C. Diversification - Investment maturities shall be staggered throughout the budget cycle to provide cash flow based on the anticipated needs of the DISTRICT. Diversifying the appropriate maturity structure will reduce market cycle risk.
- D. Market Rate-of-Return (Yield) - The DISTRICT’s investment portfolio shall be designed to optimize a market rate-of-return on investments consistent with risk constraints and cash flow requirements of the portfolio. The investment portfolio shall be managed in a manner which seeks to attain a market rate-of-return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. The DISTRICT will not attempt to consistently attain an unrealistic above market rate-of-return as this objective will subject the overall portfolio to greater risk. Therefore, the DISTRICT’s rate-of-return objective is secondary to those of safety and liquidity. Rate-of-return (yield) is defined as the annual income returned on an investment, expressed as a percentage.

- E. Public Trust - The Investment Officer(s) shall avoid any transactions that might impair public confidence in the DISTRICT's ability to govern effectively. The governing body recognizes that in diversifying the portfolio, occasional measured losses due to market volatility are inevitable, and must be considered within the context of the overall portfolio's investment return, provided that adequate diversification has been implemented. The prudence of the investment decision shall be measured in accordance with the tests set forth in Section 2256.006(b) of the Act.

IV. **INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

The City maintains a comprehensive and proactive cash management program which is designed to monitor and control all DISTRICT funds to ensure maximum utilization and yield a market rate-of-return. The basic and underlying strategy of this program is that all of the DISTRICT's funds are earning interest. It is the responsibility and obligation of the City to maintain a flexible approach and be prepared to modify the investment strategy as market conditions dictate. The investment strategy described is predicated on conditions as they now exist and are subject to change. The investment strategy emphasizes low credit risk, diversification, and the management of maturities. The strategy also considers the expertise and time constraints of the Investment Officers. The allowable investments as defined in Section VII of this policy reflect the avoidance of credit risk. Diversification refers to dividing investments among a variety of securities offering independent returns. This strategy uses local government investment pools to achieve diversification. The active management of maturities refers to structuring the maturity dates of the direct investments so that, while funds are initially invested for a longer period of time, some investments mature as cash needs require. The strategies for the DISTRICT's investment activities shall be as follows:

Strategy No. 1

Diversifying the DISTRICT's investment opportunities through the use of local government investment pools and money market mutual funds as authorized by the City Council. An investment pool is a professionally managed portfolio of shared assets created to invest public funds jointly on behalf of the governmental entities that participate in the pool and whose investment objectives in order of priority match those objectives of the DISTRICT. Fund withdrawals are usually available from investment pools on a same-day basis, meaning the pools have a high degree of liquidity. Because of the size and expertise of their staff, investment pools are able to prudently invest in a variety of the investment types allowed by state law. In this manner, investment pools achieve desired diversification. The strategy of the DISTRICT calls for the use of investment pools as a primary source of diversification and a supplemental source of liquidity. Funds that may be needed on a short-term basis but are in excess of the amount maintained at the depository bank are available for deposit in investment pools.

Strategy No. 2

Building a ladder of authorized securities with staggered maturities for all or part of the longer-term investable funds. The benefits of this ladder approach include the following:

- A. It is straight-forward and easily understood;
- B. It will assure the DISTRICT that it will capture a reasonable portion of the yield curve; and,
- C. It provides predictable cash flow with scheduled maturities and reinvestment opportunities.

Strategy No. 3

Utilizing the services of a Professional Investment Advisor in order to maximize investment earnings and realize market opportunities when they become available. Other responsibilities of the Investment Advisor include, but are not limited to broker compliance, security selection, competitive bidding, investment reporting, and security documentation. The Investment Advisor must be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Investment Advisor's Act of 1940 as well as with the Texas State Securities Board and shall adhere to the spirit and philosophy of this policy and avoid recommending or suggesting transactions outside the "Standard of Care" under this policy.

Strategy No. 4

The DISTRICT will utilize a general investment strategy designed to address the unique characteristics of specific fund-types (detailed strategies are presented in Attachment A):

- A. Investment strategies for operating funds and pooled funds containing operating funds have as their primary objective to assure that anticipated cash flows are matched with adequate investment liquidity. The secondary objective is to create a portfolio which will experience minimal volatility during economic cycles.
- B. Investment strategies for reserve funds shall have as the primary objective the ability to generate a dependable revenue stream to the appropriate reserve fund.
- C. Investment strategies for special projects and capital projects funds will have as their primary objective to assure that anticipated cash flows are matched with adequate investment liquidity.
- D. The investment maturity of bond proceeds (excluding reserve and debt service funds) shall generally be limited to the anticipated cash flow requirement or the "temporary period," as defined by Federal tax law. During the temporary period, bond proceeds may be invested at an unrestricted yield. After the expiration of the temporary period, bond proceeds subject to yield restriction shall be invested considering the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds and market conditions to achieve compliance with the applicable regulations.

Strategy No. 5

The DISTRICT generally intends to hold all of its securities until they mature and will accomplish this by maintaining sufficient liquidity in its portfolio so that it does not need to sell a security early. Should it become necessary to sell a security prior to maturity, where the sale proceeds are less than the current book value, the prior written consent of the City Manager must be obtained. Securities may be sold prior to maturity by the Director of Finance at or above their book value at any time, without the consent of the City Manager.

Strategy No. 6

All demand deposits of the DISTRICT will be concentrated with one central depository. The City's depository procedure will maximize the DISTRICT's ability to pool cash for investment purposes, and provide more manageable banking relationships. In addition, depositories not holding demand deposits of the DISTRICT may be eligible to bid on DISTRICT investments.

Strategy No. 7

This policy shall further seek to maintain good depository bank relationships while minimizing the cost of banking services. The City will seek to maintain a depository contract which will be managed to a level that minimizes the cost of the banking relationship to the DISTRICT, while allowing the DISTRICT to earn an appropriate return on idle demand deposits.

Strategy No. 8

A single pooled fund group, as defined in this policy, may be utilized at the discretion of the Investment Officer. However, earnings from investments will be allocated on a pro-rata cash basis to the individual funds and used in a manner that will best service the interests of the DISTRICT.

Strategy No. 9

Procedures shall be established and implemented in order to maximize investable cash by decreasing the time between the actual collection and the deposit of receipts, and by the controlling of disbursements.

V. FINANCE AUDIT COMMITTEE

- A. Members - There is hereby created a Finance Audit Committee consisting of the City Manager, Director of Finance, a secondary Investment Officer designated by the Director of Finance, two members of the City Council and two citizens appointed by the City Council by majority vote.
- B. Scope - The Finance Audit Committee shall meet at least annually to determine general strategies and to monitor results. Included in its deliberations will be such topics as: economic outlook, portfolio diversification, maturity structure, potential risk to the DISTRICT's funds, authorized brokers and dealers, and the target rate-of-return on the investment portfolio.
- C. Procedures - The Finance Audit Committee shall provide minutes of its meetings. Any two members of the Finance Audit Committee may request a special meeting, and four members shall constitute a quorum. The Finance Audit Committee shall establish its own rules of procedures.

VI. RESPONSIBILITY AND STANDARD OF CARE

- A. The responsibility for the daily operation and management of the DISTRICT's investments shall be outlined within this section.

1. Delegation of Authority - Management responsibility for the investment program is hereby delegated to the Director of Finance, who shall be authorized to deposit, withdraw, invest, transfer or manage the funds of the DISTRICT and shall establish written procedures for the operation of the investment program, consistent with this policy. Such procedures shall include explicit delegation of authority to other persons responsible for investment transactions. All persons involved in investment activities will be referred to in this policy as "Investment Officers." No persons may engage in investment transactions, except as provided under the terms of this policy and the procedures established by the Director of Finance.
 2. The Director of Finance shall assume responsibility for all transactions undertaken and shall establish a system of controls to regulate the activities of subordinate Investment Officers. The system of controls shall be designed to provide reasonable assurance that ensures the assets of the DISTRICT are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:
 - a. The cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and,
 - b. The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.
 3. The Director of Finance shall be designated as the primary Investment Officer for the DISTRICT and shall be responsible for investment decisions and activities under the direction of the City Manager. The Director of Finance may delegate any phase of the investment program to a secondary Investment Officer. Both the Director of Finance and the designated secondary Investment Officer are responsible for daily investment decisions and activities. However, ultimate responsibility for investment decisions will rest with the Director of Finance.
- B. Prudence** - The standard of prudence to be applied by the Investment Official shall be the "prudent investor" rule, which states, "investments shall be made with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." In determining whether the Investment Officer has exercised prudence with respect to an investment decision, the determination shall be made taking into consideration the following:
1. The investment of all funds over which the Investment Officer had responsibility rather than a consideration as to the prudence of a single investment; and
 2. The investment decision was consistent with the written investment policy and procedures of the DISTRICT.
- C. Due Diligence** - The Director of Finance, designated secondary Investment Officer, Mayor, City Council, City Manager, other Finance employees and citizen committee members acting in accordance with written policies and procedures and exercising due diligence, shall not be held personally responsible for a specific security's credit risk or market price changes, provided that these deviations are reported in a timely manner and that appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

D. Ethical Standards and Conflicts of Interest

1. All DISTRICT Investment Officers having a direct or indirect role in the investment of DISTRICT funds shall act as custodians of the public trust avoiding any transaction which might involve a conflict of interest, the appearance of a conflict of interest, or any activity which might otherwise discourage public confidence. Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair the ability to make impartial investment decisions.
2. An Investment Officer who has a personal business relationship with the depository bank or with any entity seeking to sell an investment to the DISTRICT shall file a statement disclosing that personal business interest.
3. An Investment Officer has a personal business relationship with a business organization if:
 - a. The Investment Officer or one related to the Investment Officer within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity owns 10% or more of the voting stock or shares of the business organization or owns \$5,000 or more of the fair market value of the business organization;
 - b. Funds received by the Investment Officer or one related to the Investment Officer within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity from the business organization exceed 10% of the Investment Official's gross income for the prior year; or
 - c. The Investment Officer or one related to the Investment Officer within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity has acquired from the business organization during the prior year investments with a book value of \$2,500 or more for the personal account of the Investment Officer.
 - d. An Investment Officer who is related within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity to an individual seeking to sell an investment to the DISTRICT shall file a statement disclosing that relationship. A statement required under this subsection must be filed with the Texas Ethics Commission and the City Council.

- E. Training** - The City shall provide periodic training in investments for the investment personnel through courses and seminars offered by professional organizations and associations in order to ensure the quality and capability of the DISTRICT'S investment personnel making investment decisions in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Investment Officials and the Finance Audit Committee members shall attend at least one training session containing at least 10 hours of instruction relating to the officer's responsibility under the PFIA within 12 months after assuming duties, and thereafter shall attend at least 8 hours of additional investment training in subsequent two-year periods which begin on the first day of the fiscal year and consist of the two consecutive fiscal years after that date. The Government Finance Officers Association of Texas, the Government Treasurers Organization of Texas, the Texas Municipal League, or the North Central Texas

Council of Governments are approved as independent training sources by the City Council.

VII. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

- A. Generally - Safety of principal is the primary objective in investing public funds and can be accomplished by limiting credit risk and interest rate risk. Credit risk is the risk associated with the failure of a security issuer or backer to pay back principal and interest on a timely basis. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a portfolio will decline due to an increase in the general level of interest rates. In order to provide for safety of principal as the DISTRICT's primary objective, only certain investments are authorized as acceptable investments for the DISTRICT. The following list of authorized investments for the DISTRICT intentionally excludes some investments authorized by state law. These restrictions are intended to limit possible risk and provide the maximum measure of safety to DISTRICT funds. In the event an authorized investment loses its required minimum credit rating, all prudent measures will be taken to liquidate said investment. Additionally, the DISTRICT is not required to liquidate investments that were authorized at the time of purchase.
- B. Authorized and Acceptable Investments - The authorized list of investment instruments is as follows:
1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities or any obligation fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), *excluding mortgage-backed securities*.
 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas, or its agencies and instrumentalities Other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities, excluding mortgage-related securities.
- C. Certificates of Deposit – A certificate of deposit issued by a depository institution that has its main office or branch office in this state, and is secured in accordance with the specific collateralization requirements contained in section XI.B of this policy. In addition, an investment in “bundled” or “shared” CDs made in accordance with the following conditions is permitted:
1. The funds are invested through a broker that has its main office or a branch office in this state selected from a list adopted by the City as required by Section 2256.025; or through a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in this state and that is selected by the City;
 2. The selected broker or depository institution arranges for the deposit of the funds in certificates of deposit in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wherever located, for the account of the City.
 3. The full amount of the principal and accrued interest of each of the CD is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and

4. The City appoints the depository institution, a clearing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and operating pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3, or an entity described in the Public Funds Collateral Act, Section 2257.041(d), as custodian for the City with respect to those CDs issued for the City's account.
- D. Eligible Local Government Investment Pools – AAA-rated public funds investment pools, with a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less, individually approved by formal Council resolution, which invest in instruments and follow practices allowed by the current law as defined by Section 2256.016 of the Texas Government Code. The pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAA-m or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. A public funds investment pool created to function as a money market mutual fund must mark to market daily and stabilize at a \$1 net asset value.
 - E. Repurchase Agreements – Fully collateralized repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, placed through a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas, and fully secured by cash and obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities. This collateral must be pledged to the DISTRICT and held in safekeeping with a third-party custodian approved by the City. All collateral must be maintained at a market value of no less than the principal amount of the outstanding funds disbursed. All transactions shall be governed by signed Security Industry and Financial Markets Association, (SIFMA) Master Repurchase Agreement. Repurchase agreements must also be collateralized in accordance with State law as described in Section XI of this policy. Authorization under this section includes flexible repurchase agreements which may be used for specific investment of bond proceeds *but shall not include reverse repurchase agreements*.
 - F. Bankers' Acceptances and Commercial Paper (LIMITED USE) – These investments are authorized for the DISTRICT to the extent that they are contained in the portfolios of approved public funds investment pools or money market funds in which the DISTRICT invests.
 - G. AAA-rated SEC-Regulated 2a7 No-Load Money Market Mutual Funds – An SEC-registered, no load money market mutual fund which has a dollar weighted average stated maturity of 60 days or less whose assets consist exclusively of the assets described in section VII.A and whose investment objectives includes the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1 for each share; furthermore, it provides the DISTRICT with a prospectus and other information required by the SEC act of 1934 or the Investment Advisor Act of 1940 and which provides the DISTRICT with a prospectus and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 USC Section 78a et. Seq.) of the Investment Company Act of 1990 (15 USC Section 80a-1 et. Seq.).
 - H. Unauthorized Securities – State law specifically prohibits investment in the following securities:
 1. An obligation whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security and pays no principal.

2. An obligation whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security and bears no interest.
3. Collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity date of greater than 10 years.
4. Collateralized mortgage obligations, the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.

VIII. DIVERSIFICATION

- A. Generally** - Diversification of investment instruments shall be utilized to avoid incurring unreasonable risks resulting from over-concentration of investments in a specific maturity, a specific issue, or a specific class of securities. With the exception of U.S. Government securities (debt obligations issued by the U. S. Government, its agencies, or instrumentalities) as authorized in this policy, and authorized local government investment pools, no more than forty percent (40%) of the total investment portfolio will be invested in any one security type or with a single financial institution. Diversification of the portfolio considers diversification by maturity dates and diversification by investment instrument.
- B. Diversification by Maturities** - The longer the maturity of investments, the greater their price volatility. Therefore, it is the DISTRICT's policy to concentrate its investment portfolio in shorter-term securities in order to limit principal risks caused by change in interest rates. The DISTRICT will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow (including the anticipated cash flow requirements of bond proceeds within the temporary period), the DISTRICT will not directly invest in securities maturing more than two (2) years from the date of purchase. However, the above described obligations, certificates, or agreements may be collateralized using longer date instruments. The DISTRICT shall diversify the use of investment instruments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over-investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. Maturity scheduling shall be managed by the Investment Officer so that maturities of investments shall be timed to coincide with projected cash flow needs.

The entire DISTRICT portfolio, or single pooled fund group if utilized, shall maintain a maximum average dollar-weighted maturity, based on the stated maturity date, of less than two hundred seventy (270) days. Investment maturities for debt service interest and sinking funds and/or other types of reserve funds, whose use is never anticipated, shall maintain a maximum average dollar-weighted maturity, based on the stated maturity date, of less than three hundred sixty-five (365) days.

- C. Diversification by Investment Instrument** - Diversification by investment instrument shall not exceed the following guidelines for each type of instrument:

	Maximum % of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%
U.S. Government Agency Securities and Instrumentalities	100%
Authorized Local Government Investment Pool	100%

Local Government Obligations	10%
Fully Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	50%
Fully Collateralized Repurchase Agreements	25%
SEC-Regulated No-Load Money Market Mutual Fund	100%
U.S. Treasury & Agency Callables	30%

IX. SECURITY SWAPS

Security swaps may be considered as an investment option for the DISTRICT. A swap out of one instrument into another is acceptable to increase yield, realign for disbursement dates, extend or shorten maturity dates and improve market sector diversification. Swaps may be initiated by brokers/dealers who are on the City's approved list. A horizon analysis is required for each swap proving benefit to the DISTRICT before the trade decision is made, which will accompany the investment file for record keeping.

X. AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL DEALERS AND INSTITUTIONS.

- A.** The Director of Finance will maintain a list of financial institutions authorized to provide investment services to the City. In addition, a list will also be maintained of approved broker/dealers authorized to provide investment services in the State of Texas. These will include financial institutions that qualify under Securities & Exchange Commission Rule 15-C3-1 (uniform net capital rule). No public deposit shall be made except in a qualified public depository as established by state laws.
- B.** All financial institutions and broker/dealers who desire to become qualified bidders for investment transactions must supply the Director of Finance with the following, as appropriate: audited financial statements, proof of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority certification, trading resolution, proof of State registration, completed broker/dealer questionnaire and certification of having read the DISTRICT's investment policy.
- C.** The Finance Audit Committee shall be responsible for adopting the list of brokers and dealers of government securities. Their selection shall be among only primary government securities dealers that report directly to the New York Federal Reserve Bank, unless a comprehensive credit and capitalization analysis reveals that other firms are adequately financed to conduct public business. The Finance Audit Committee shall base its evaluation of security dealers and financial institutions upon:
 1. Financial conditions, strength and capability to fulfill commitments;
 2. Overall reputation with other dealers or investors;
 3. Regulatory status of the dealer;
 4. Background and expertise of the individual representatives.
- D.** Investment Officers shall only conduct business with securities dealers approved by the Finance Audit Committee and will not purchase investments from any financial organization until the organization's registered principal has executed a written instrument stating that he or she has thoroughly reviewed the DISTRICT's investment policy and acknowledges that reasonable procedures and controls have been

implemented to preclude imprudent investment activities arising out of transactions between the organization and the DISTRICT, except to the extent that this authorization is dependent on an analysis of the makeup of the DISTRICT's entire portfolio or requires an interpretation of subjective investment standards.

- E.** To guard against default possibilities under these conditions, and to assure diversification of bidders, business with any one issuer, or investment broker, should be limited to forty percent (40%) of the total portfolio at any point in time. In this way, bankruptcy, receivership or legal action would not immobilize the DISTRICT's ability to meet payroll or other expenses.
- F.** All investment (governments or bank C.D.'s) will be solicited on a competitive basis with at least three (3) institutions. The Finance Audit Committee can approve exceptions on a case by case basis or on a general basis in the form of guidelines. These guidelines shall take into consideration the investment type maturity date, amount, and potential disruptiveness to the DISTRICT's investment strategy. The investment will be made with the broker/dealer offering the best yield/quality to the DISTRICT. The quotes may be accepted orally, in writing, electronically, or any combination of these methods.
- G.** An annual review of the financial condition and registration of qualified financial organizations will be conducted by the Director of Finance.
- H.** A current audited financial statement is required to be on file for each financial institution and broker/dealer in which the DISTRICT invests.
- I.** If the City has contracted with a Registered Investment Advisor for the management of its funds, the advisor shall be responsible for performing due diligence on and maintaining a list of broker/dealers with which it shall transact business on behalf of the DISTRICT. The advisor shall determine selection criteria and shall annually present a list of its authorized broker/dealers to the CITY for review and likewise shall execute the aforementioned written instrument stating that the advisor has reviewed the DISTRICT's investment policy and has implemented reasonable procedures and controls in an effort to preclude imprudent investment activities with the DISTRICT. The advisor shall obtain and document competitive bids and offers on all transactions and present these to the City as part of its standard trade documentation.
- J.** It is the policy of the City that all security transactions entered into with the DISTRICT shall be conducted on a "Delivery-versus-Payment basis through the Federal Reserve System. By doing this, DISTRICT funds are not released until the City has received, through the Federal Reserve wire, the securities purchased. The City shall authorize the release of funds only after receiving notification from the safekeeping bank that a purchased security has been received in the safekeeping account of the DISTRICT. The notification may be oral, but shall be confirmed in writing.
 - 1. Financial conditions, strength and capability to fulfill commitments;
 - 2. Overall reputation with other dealers or investors;
 - 3. Regulatory status of the dealer;

4. Background and expertise of the individual representatives.

XI. SAFEKEEPING AND COLLATERALIZATION

A. Safekeeping - All securities owned by the DISTRICT shall be held by a third-party safekeeping agent selected by the City. The collateral for bank deposits will be held in the City's name in the bank's trust department, in a Federal Reserve Bank account in the City's name, or third-party financial institutions doing business in the state of Texas, in accordance with state law. Original safekeeping receipts shall be obtained and held by the City. The City shall contract with a bank or banks for the safekeeping of securities either owned by the City as part of its investment portfolio or held as collateral to secure time deposits.

B. Collateralization - Consistent with the requirements of the Public Funds Collateral Act, it is the policy of the City to require full collateralization of all City funds on deposit with a depository bank. The market value of the investments securing the deposit of funds shall be at least equal to 102% of the amount of the deposits of funds reduced to the extent that the deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Securities pledged as collateral shall be held by an independent third party with whom the City has a current custodial agreement. The agreement is to specify the acceptable investment securities as collateral, including provisions relating to possession of the collateral, the substitution or release of investment securities, ownership of securities, and the method of valuation of securities. The safekeeping agreement must clearly state that the safekeeping bank is instructed to release purchased and collateral securities to the City in the event the City has determined that the depository bank has failed to pay on any matured investments in certificates of deposit, or has determined that the funds of the City are in jeopardy for whatever reason, including involuntary closure or change of ownership. A clearly marked evidence of ownership, e.g., safekeeping receipt, must be supplied to the City and retained by the City.

1. The City may accept the following to insure or collateralize bank deposits:
 - a. Guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or its successor;
 - b. United States Treasuries & Agencies
 - c. Other securities as approved by the Finance Audit Committee
2. For certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit, collateral shall be at 102% of market value. The market value of collateral will always equal or exceed 102% of the principal plus accrued interest of deposits at financial institutions.
3. Financial institutions with which the City invests or maintains other deposits shall provide monthly, and as requested by the Investment Officer, a listing of the collateral pledged to the City, marked to current market prices. The listing shall include total pledged securities itemized by name, type, description, par value, current market value, maturity date, and Moody's or Standard & Poor's rating, if applicable. The City and the financial institution shall jointly assume the responsibility for ensuring that the collateral is sufficient.

C. Collateralized Deposits - Consistent with the requirements of State law, the City requires all bank deposits to be federally insured or collateralized with eligible securities. Financial institutions serving as City depositories will be required to sign a "Depository Agreement" with the City and the City's safekeeping agent. The collateralized deposit portion of the Agreement shall define the City's rights to the collateral in the event of default, bankruptcy, or closing and shall establish a perfected security interest in compliance with Federal and State regulations, including:

1. Agreement must be in writing;
2. Agreement has to be executed by the Depository and the City contemporaneously with the acquisition of the asset;
3. Agreement must be approved by the Board of Directors or designated committee of the Depository and a copy of the meeting minutes must be delivered to the City; and
4. Agreement must be part of the Depository's "official record" continuously since its execution.

XII. INTERNAL CONTROL

The Investment Officer shall establish a system of written internal controls, which shall be reviewed annually by independent auditors. The controls shall be designed to prevent loss of public funds due to fraud, error, misrepresentation, unanticipated market changes, or imprudent actions. The internal controls are to be reviewed annually in conjunction with an external independent audit. This review will provide assurance of compliance with policies and procedures as specified by this policy. The City, in conjunction with its annual financial audit, shall perform a compliance audit of management controls and adherence to the DISTRICT's established investment policy.

XIII. PERFORMANCE

The DISTRICT's investment portfolio shall be designed to obtain a market rate-of-return on investments consistent with risk constraints and cash flow requirements of the DISTRICT. This investment policy establishes "weighted average yield to maturity" as the standard portfolio performance measurement.

XIV. REPORTING

A. Quarterly - The Director of Finance shall prepare and submit a signed quarterly investment report to the Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District Board and the Finance Audit Committee that summarizes current market conditions, economic developments, and anticipated investment conditions. The report shall summarize investment strategies employed in the most recent quarter and describe the portfolio in terms of investment securities, maturities, risk characteristics, and shall explain the total investment return for the quarter. The City shall also monitor the credit ratings on securities that require minimum ratings. This may be accomplished through staff research, or with the assistance of broker-dealers, investment advisors, banks or safekeeping agents.

- B. Annual Report** - Within 180 days of the end of the fiscal year, the Director of Finance shall present an annual report on the investment program and investment activity. This report may be presented as a component of the fourth quarter report to the Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District Board, City Manager and the City Council. The quarterly reports prepared by the Director of Finance shall be formally reviewed at least annually by an independent auditor, and the result of the review shall be reported to the City Council by that auditor.
- C. Methods** - The quarterly and annual investment reports shall include a succinct management summary that provides a clear picture of the status of the current investment portfolio and transactions made over the past quarter. This management summary will be prepared in a manner which will allow the DISTRICT to ascertain whether investment activities during the reporting period have conformed to the investment policy. The report will be prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles. The report will include the following:
1. A listing of individual securities held at the end of the reporting period. This list will include the name of the fund or pooled group fund for which each individual investment was acquired;
 2. Unrealized gains or losses resulting from appreciation or depreciation by listing the beginning and ending book and market value of securities for the period. Market values shall be obtained from financial institutions or portfolio reporting services independent from the broker/dealer from which the security was purchased;
 3. Additions and changes to the market value during the period;
 4. Fully accrued interest for the reporting period;
 5. Average weighted yield to maturity of portfolio on entity investments as compared to applicable benchmarks;
 6. Listing of investments by maturity date;
 7. The percentage of the total portfolio which each type of investment represents; and
 8. Statement of compliance of the DISTRICT's investment portfolio with State Law and the investment strategy and policy approved by the City Council.
 9. Market yield benchmark comparison of the average 90-day U. S. Treasury Bill auction yield during the reporting period.
 10. The guidelines of retaining records for seven years as recommended in the *Texas State Library Municipal Records Manual* should be followed. The Director of Finance shall oversee the filing and/or storing of investment records.

XV. INVESTMENT POLICY ADOPTION AND AMENDMENT

The DISTRICT's investment policy shall be reviewed by the Corinth Crime Control and

Prevention District and formally adopted and amended by resolution by the City Council. The CITY's written policies and procedures for investments are subject to review not less than annually to stay current with changing laws, regulations and needs of the CITY. The City Council, not less than annually, shall adopt a written instrument stating that it has reviewed the investment policy and investment strategies and that the written instrument so adopted shall record any changes made to either the policy or strategies.

Attachment A

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District Investment Strategy Statement

Operating Funds

1. Suitability - Any investment eligible in the investment policy is suitable for Operating Funds.
2. Safety of Principal - All investments shall be of high quality securities with no perceived default risk. Market price fluctuations will occur. However, by managing the weighted average days to maturity for the Operating Fund's portfolio to less than 270 days and restricting the maximum allowable maturity to two years, the price volatility of the overall portfolio will be minimized.
3. Marketability - Securities with active and efficient secondary markets are necessary in the event of an unanticipated cash flow requirement. Historical market "spreads" between the bid and offer prices of a particular security-type of less than a quarter of a percentage point will define an efficient secondary market.
4. Liquidity - The Operating Fund requires the greatest short-term liquidity of any of the Fund types. Short-term investment pools and money market mutual funds will provide daily liquidity and may be utilized as a competitive yield alternative to fixed maturity investments.
5. Diversification - Investment maturities should be staggered throughout the budget cycle to provide cash flow based on the anticipated operating needs of the DISTRICT. Market cycle risk will be reduced by diversifying the appropriate maturity structure out through two years.
6. Yield - Attaining a competitive market yield for comparable security-types and portfolio restrictions is the desired objective. The yield of an equally weighted, rolling three-month treasury-bill portfolio will be the minimum yield objective.

Reserve Funds

1. Suitability - Any investment eligible in the investment policy is suitable for Debt Service Reserve Funds. Bond resolution and loan documentation constraints and insurance company restrictions may create specific considerations in addition to the investment policy.
2. Safety of Principal - All investments shall be of high quality securities with no perceived default risk. Market price fluctuations will occur. However, managing Debt Service Reserve Fund maturities to not exceed the call provisions of the borrowing reduces the investment's market risk if the DISTRICT debt is redeemed and the Reserve Fund liquidated. The fund shall maintain a maximum average dollar-weighted maturity, based on the stated maturity date, of less than three hundred sixty-five (365) days. No stated final investment maturity shall exceed the shorter of the final maturity of the

borrowing or two years. Annual mark-to-market requirements or specific maturity and average life limitations within the borrowing's documentation will influence the attractiveness of market risk and reduce the opportunity for maturity extension.

3. Marketability - Securities with less active and efficient secondary markets are acceptable for Debt Service Reserve Funds.
4. Liquidity – Debt Service Reserve Funds have no anticipated expenditures. The Funds are deposited to provide annual debt service payment protection to the DISTRICT's debt holders. The funds are "returned" to the DISTRICT at the final debt service payment. Market conditions and arbitrage regulation compliance determine the advantage of security diversification and liquidity. Generally, if investment rates exceed the cost of borrowing, the DISTRICT is best served by locking in investment maturities and reducing liquidity. If the borrowing cost cannot be exceeded, then concurrent market conditions will determine the attractiveness of locking in maturities or investing shorter and anticipating future increased yields.
5. Diversification - Market conditions and the arbitrage regulations influence the attractiveness of staggering the maturity of fixed rate investments for Debt Service Reserve Funds. At no time shall the final debt service payment date of the bond issue be exceeded in an attempt to bolster yield.
6. Yield - Achieving a positive spread to the applicable borrowing cost is the desired objective. Debt Service Reserve Fund portfolio management shall at all times operate within the limits of the investment policy's risk constraints.

Bond Funds

1. Suitability - Any investment eligible in the investment policy is suitable for Bond Funds.
2. Safety of Principal - All investments will be of high quality securities with no perceived default risk. Market price fluctuations will occur. However, by managing Bond Funds to not exceed the shorter of two years or the anticipated expenditure schedule and maintaining a maximum average dollar-weighted maturity, based on the stated maturity date, of less than three hundred sixty-five (365) days the market risk of the overall portfolio will be minimized.
3. Marketability - Securities with active and efficient secondary markets are necessary in the event of an unanticipated cash flow requirement. Historical market "spreads" between the bid and offer prices of a particular security-type of less than a quarter of a percentage point will define an efficient secondary market.
4. Liquidity – Bond Funds used for capital improvements programs have reasonably predictable draw down schedules. Therefore investment maturities should generally follow the anticipated cash flow requirements. Investment pools and money market mutual funds will provide readily available funds generally equal to one month's anticipated cash flow needs, or a competitive yield alternative for short term fixed maturity investments. A singular repurchase agreement may be utilized if disbursements are allowed in the amount necessary to satisfy any expenditure request. This investment structure is commonly referred to as a flexible repurchase agreement.

5. Diversification - Market conditions and arbitrage regulations influence the attractiveness of staggering the maturity of fixed rate investments for construction, loan and bond proceeds. Generally, when investment rates exceed the applicable cost of borrowing, the DISTRICT is best served by locking in most investments. If the cost of borrowing cannot be exceeded, then concurrent market conditions will determine the attractiveness of diversifying maturities or investing in shorter and larger amounts. At no time shall the anticipated expenditure schedule be exceeded in an attempt to bolster yield.

6. Yield - Achieving a positive spread to the cost of borrowing is the desired objective, within the limits of the investment policy's risk constraints. The yield of an equally weighted, rolling six-month treasury-bill portfolio will be the minimum yield objective for non-borrowed funds.

Attachment B

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
Investment Policy

[SAMPLE]
TEXAS PUBLIC FUNDS INVESTMENT ACT
CERTIFICATION BY BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

This certification is executed on behalf of the CITY of Corinth, Texas (the "CITY") and _____ (the Business Organization), pursuant to the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "Act") in connection with investment transactions conducted between the CITY and the Business Organization.

The undersigned Qualified Representative of the Business Organization hereby certifies on behalf of the Business Organization that:

1. The undersigned is a Qualified Representative of the Business Organization offering to enter an investment transaction with the Investor as such terms are used in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code; and
2. The Qualified Representative of the Business Organization has received and reviewed the investment policy furnished by the CITY; and
3. The Qualified Representative of the Business Organization has implemented reasonable procedures and controls in an effort to preclude investment transactions conducted between the Business Organization and the CITY that are not authorized by the CITY's investment policy, except to the extent that this authorization is dependent on an analysis of the makeup of the CITY's entire portfolio or requires an interpretation of subjective investment standards.

Qualified Representative of Business Organization

Firm: _____

Signature _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

BUSINESS ITEM 2.

Crime Control & Prevention District Board of Directors

Meeting Date: 02/15/2018

Title: August 24, 2017 Special Session

Submitted For: Kim Pence, City Secretary

Submitted By: Kim Pence, City Secretary

Finance Review: N/A

Legal Review: N/A

City Manager Review: Approval: Bob Hart, City Manager

AGENDA ITEM

Consider and act on Minutes from the August 24, 2017 Special Session.

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY/BACKGROUND

Attached are minutes from the August 24, 2017 Special Session. Minutes are in draft form and are not considered official until formally approved by the Corinth Crime Control & Prevention Board of Directors.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval of the August 24, 2017 Special Session minutes.

Attachments

Minutes

**STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF DENTON
CITY OF CORINTH**

On this the 24th day of August 2017 the Corinth Crime Control & Prevention District of the City of Corinth, Texas met in a Special Session at the Corinth City Hall at 5:30 P.M., located at 3300 Corinth Parkway, Corinth, Texas. The meeting date, time, place and purpose as required by Title 5, Subtitle A, Chapter 551, Subchapter C, Section 551.041, Government Code, with the following members to wit:

Members Present:

Bill Heidemann, Mayor
Joe Harrison, Mayor Pro-Tem
Sam Burke, Council Member
Lowell Johnson, Council Member
Scott Garber, Council Member
Don Glockel, Council Member

Members Absent:

None

Staff Members Present:

Bob Hart, City Manager
Fred Gibbs, Planning and Development Director
Lee Ann Bunselmeyer, Finance Director
Chris Rodriquez, Finance Manager
Mike Brownlee, City Engineer
Barbara Cubbage, Planning Manager
Cody Collier, Public Works Director
Jason Alexander, Economic Development Corporation Director
Kim Pence, City Secretary
Brenton Copeland, Technology Services Assistant Manager
Mack Reinwand, City Attorney

CALL TO ORDER, INVOCATION, PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE & TEXAS PLEDGE:

"Honor the Texas Flag: I pledge allegiance to thee, Texas, one state under God, one and indivisible".

Mayor Heidemann called the meeting to order at 5:30 p.m., Councilmember Garber delivered the invocation and led in the Pledge of Allegiance and the Texas Pledge.

CITIZENS COMMENTS

In accordance with the Open Meetings Act, Council is prohibited from acting on or discussing (other than factual responses to specific questions) any items brought before them at this time. Citizen's comments will be limited to 3 minutes. Comments about any of the Council agenda items are appreciated by the Council and may be taken into consideration at this time or during that agenda item. Please complete a Public Input form if you desire to address the City Council. All remarks and questions addressed to the Council shall be addressed to the Council as a whole and not to any individual member thereof. Section 30.041B Code of Ordinance of the City of Corinth.

No one spoke

PUBLIC HEARING

Mayor Heidemann opened the Public Hearing at 5:31 p.m. No one spoke during the Public Hearing. Mayor Heidemann closed the Public Hearing at 5:32 p.m.

1. Hold a public hearing on the fiscal year 2017-2018 Proposed Budget for the City of Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District.

BUSINESS AGENDA

2. Consider and act on the fiscal year 2017-2018 Proposed Budget for the City of Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District.

Bob Hart, City Manager - the proposed budget includes funding for two police officer positions (\$171,447), funding for the Enterprise vehicle replacement program (\$110,567), purchase of a thermal imaging unit (\$5,249), and purchase of a radio frequency identification system (\$25,140). The ending fund balance is estimated at \$318,865 for the 2017/2018 fiscal year.

MOTION made by Councilmember Garber to approve as presented. Seconded by Councilmember Johnson.

Mayor Heidemann - with this proposed budget, there are items in here that has not been approved as a budgetary item for the City at this time. Can we go ahead and approve these things with the understanding that whenever we approve as the budget it will be reflected in this here?

Mack Reinwand, City Attorney - correct.

AYES: Burke, Garber, Johnson, Harrison, Glockel
NOES: None
ABSENT: None

MOTION CARRIED

3. Consider and act on minutes from the February 2, 2017 Crime Control and Prevention District Board Regular Session.

MOTION made Councilmember Johnson to approve the minutes from February 2, 2017 Regular Session. Seconded by Councilmember Burke.

AYES: Burke, Garber, Johnson, Harrison, Glockel
NOES: None
ABSENT: None

MOTION CARRIED

There was no Closed Session

CLOSED SESSION

The City Council will convene in such executive or closed session to consider any matters regarding any of the above agenda items as well as the following matters pursuant to Chapter 551 of the Texas Government Code.

Section 551.071. (1) Private consultation with its attorney to seek advice about pending or contemplated litigation; and/or settlement offer; and/or (2) a matter in which the duty of the attorney to the government body under the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct of the State of Texas clearly conflicts with chapter 551.

Section 551.072. To deliberate the purchase, exchange, lease or value of real property if deliberation in an open meeting would have a detrimental effect on the position of the governmental body in negotiations with a third person.

Section 551.074. To deliberate the appointment, employment, evaluation, reassignment, duties, discipline, or

dismissal of a public officer or employee; or to hear a complaint or charge against an officer or employee.

Section 551.087. To deliberate or discuss regarding commercial or financial information that the governmental

Section 551.087. To deliberate or discuss regarding commercial or financial information that the governmental body has received from a business prospect that the governmental body seeks to have locate, stay, or expand in or near the territory of the governmental body and with which the governmental body is conducting economic development negotiations; or to deliberate the offer of a financial or other incentive to a business prospect.

After discussion of any matters in closed session, any final action or vote taken will be in public by the City Council. City Council shall have the right at any time to seek legal advice in Closed Session from its Attorney on any agenda item, whether posted for Closed Session or not.

RECONVENE IN OPEN SESSION TO TAKE ACTION, IF NECESSARY, ON CLOSED SESSION ITEMS.

There was no action taken from Closed Session.

ADJOURN:

Mayor Heidemann adjourned the meeting at 5:40 P.M.

AYES: All

Meeting adjourned.

Approved by Council on the _____ day of _____, 2018.

Kimberly Pence, City Secretary
City of Corinth, Texas